Opioid prescriber guide

UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Indiana

The programs described in this guide were created to help UnitedHealthcare Community Plan members receive the opioid care and treatment they need in safe and effective ways. We've based our measures on Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) opioid treatment guidelines to help prevent misuse of short-acting and long-acting opioid medications.

Concurrent Drug Utilization Review (cDUR) program

The cDUR program uses the pharmacy claims processing system to screen all prescriptions at the point-of-service and checks for possible inappropriate drug prescribing and utilization, as well as potentially dangerous medical implications or drug interactions. The program includes communication to the dispensing pharmacy at point-of-service through claims edits and messaging. The pharmacist needs to address the clinical situation at the point of sale before entering appropriate National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP) codes to receive an approved claim, unless otherwise stated below.

Drug-drug interaction - Opioids and benzodiazepines	We require prior authorization for concurrent use of opioids and benzodiazepines.
Drug-drug interaction - Opioids and carisoprodol	Point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and carisoprodol.
Drug-drug interaction – Opioids and medication- assisted treatment (MAT)	Point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and MAT drugs.
Drug-drug interaction - Opioids and sedative hypnotics	Point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and sedative hypnotics.
Drug-inferred health state - Opioids and prenatal vitamins and medications used in pregnancy	 Enhanced point-of-sale alert for concurrent use of opioids and prenatal vitamins and concurrent use of opioids and medications used in pregnancy (e.g., doxylamine/pyridoxine) Doesn't require pharmacist to enter appropriate NCPDP codes to receive approved claim
Duplicate therapy - Short-acting opioids (SAOs)	Alerts to concurrent use of multiple SAOs.
Duplicate therapy - Long-acting opioids (LAOs)	Alerts to concurrent use of multiple LAOs.
High dose acetaminophen	 Limits combination opioids plus acetaminophen (APAP) Prevents doses of APAP greater than 4 g per day



Retrospective Drug Utilization Review (rDUR) programs These programs analyze claims daily and send communications to prescribers.	
Abused medications DUR program	 Identifies members daily who are getting multiple opioid prescriptions from multiple prescribers and/or filling at multiple pharmacies Also identifies members with chronic early refill attempts, overlapping LAOs, overlapping SAOs, high daily doses of opioids, a diagnosis of opioid overdose with an opioid fill, overlapping opioid and MAT medications, overlapping opioid and a benzodiazepine, overlapping opioid and antipsychotic medication, overlapping opioid, muscle relaxant and benzodiazepine, and overlapping opioid and opioid potentiator Sends patient-specific information to all prescribers with medication fill history in last 4 months
Pharmacy lock-in program	 Pharmacy lock-in programs vary by state; however, all include filling of opioids by multiple prescribers at multiple pharmacies as an inclusion criterion Requires selected members to use a single pharmacy and/or prescriber(s) for all of their medications
Utilization Management (UM) programs These programs help promote appropriate opioid use, reduce costs and improve member health outcomes.	
Cough and cold products containing opioid components	 Limits quantities per fill of 120 mL (units) and a 30-day maximum quantity of 360 mL (units) Requires prior authorization for members under 18



Utilization Management (UM) programs (cont.)

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Limits dosage at point-of-sale for all opioid products up to a specified MME		
doses exceeding the preset threshold Requires prior authorization for doses above the preset threshold State-specific threshold limit schedule through Oct. 1, 2025: Oct. 1, 2024: 425 MME per day Jan. 1, 2025: 400 MME per day April 1, 2025: 375 MME per day April 2, 2025: 375 MME per day Cot. 1, 2025: 375 MME per day Requires prior authorization and the following: Attestation of appropriate use and monitoring Step through SAO (non-cancer pain); step through preferred LAOs If appropriate, step through neuropathic pain alternatives (non-cancer pain) Point-of-sale limit for opioid naïve members (less than 90 days of opioid therapy in last 120 days) Limit of a maximum 7-day supply per fill and maximum of 14 days per 45 days Requires prior authorization to exceed these quantities Overdose prevention (naloxone) Prior authorization isn't required for preferred naloxone products (e.g., generic naloxone injection and Narcan® Nasal Spray). Requires that prior authorization includes: Documentation of pain due to cancer and patient is already receiving opioids		,
Cumulative 90 milligram morphine equivalent (MME) limit - State-specific threshold limit schedule through Oct. 1, 2025: - Oct. 1, 2024: 425 MME per day - Jan. 1, 2025: 400 MME per day - April 1, 2025: 355 MME per day - July 1, 2025: 355 MME per day - Oct. 1, 2025: 350 MME per day - Oct. 1, 2025: 355 MME per day - Oct. 1, 2025: 355 MME per day - Oct. 1, 2025: 355 MME per day - Oct. 1, 2025: 350 MME per day - Oct. 1, 2025: 355 MME per day - Oct. 1,		,
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Transmucosal fentanyl product prior authorization • Documentation of pain due to cancer and patient is already receiving opioids		
authorization is already receiving opioids		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Absence of state-defined denial criteria		
		Absence of state-defined denial criteria



Evidence-based prescribing programs These programs focus on outreach to prescribers.	
Fraud/waste/abuse evaluation	Analyzes retrospective controlled substance claims
	Identifies outlier opioid prescribers
Miscellaneous	
Miscellaneous - Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA) license edit	Verifies DEA number or license is active and matches scheduled medication in the claim.
Miscellaneous - Refill-too-soon threshold	Increases the refill-too-soon threshold to 90% for opioids and other Schedule CII-V controlled substances.

Opioid prescription denial criteria

- Concurrent claims for buprenorphine for MAT in the last 45 days
- Concurrent use of carisoprodol or combinations
- New opioid claims with concurrent claims for benzodiazepines in the last 30 days
- 5 or more opioid prescribers in past 60 days
- More than 1 LAO and 1 SAO used concurrently
- New opioid users attempting to fill an LAO
- New opioid users attempting to fill more than a 7-day supply for first SAO claim or more than a 14-day supply total in 45 days

Pharmacy prior authorization

Information and forms are available on our **Pharmacy Resources and Physician Administered Drugs** page in the Pharmacy Prior Authorization section.

We're here to help

If you have questions, call 800-641-8921.

Support for your patients:

- 24/7 substance use helpline at **855-780-5955**, available to our members who are your patients, and their caregivers; staffed by licensed behavioral health providers
- · liveandworkwell.com

