Breast Repair/Reconstruction Not Following Mastectomy

Guideline Number: CS013.L
Effective Date: January 1, 2021

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Related Community Plan Policies

- Breast Reconstruction Post Mastectomy and Poland Syndrome
- Breast Reduction Surgery
- Cosmetic and Reconstructive Procedures
- Gender Dysphoria Treatment

Commercial Policy

- Breast Repair/Reconstruction Not Following Mastectomy

Application

This Coverage Determination Guideline does not apply to the states listed below; refer to the state-specific policy/guideline, if noted:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Policy/Guideline</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Indiana</td>
<td>Breast Repair/Reconstruction Not Following Mastectomy (for Indiana Only)</td>
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<td>Kentucky</td>
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<tr>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>Breast Repair/Reconstruction Not Following Mastectomy (for Louisiana Only)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nebraska</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Jersey</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>Breast Repair/Reconstruction Not Following Mastectomy (for Tennessee Only)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Coverage Rationale

Indications for Coverage

The following are eligible for coverage as Reconstructive and medically necessary:

- Correction of inverted nipples is considered reconstructive when one of the following criteria are met:
  - Documented history of chronic nipple discharge, bleeding, scabbing or ductal infection; or
  - For correction of an inverted nipple(s) resulting from a Congenital Anomaly

- Anaplastic Lymphoma of the breast:
  - Removal of a breast implant and capsulectomy is covered, regardless of the indication for the initial implant placement, for:
    - Treatment of Anaplastic Lymphoma of the breast when there is pathologic confirmation of the diagnosis by cytology or biopsy; or
    - For individuals with an increased risk of implant-associated Anaplastic Lymphoma of the breast due to use of Allergan BIOCELL textured breast implants and tissue expanders
• Removal of a deflated saline breast implant shell when the implants were done post mastectomy (refer to the Coverage Determination Guideline titled Breast Reconstruction Post Mastectomy and Poland Syndrome)
• Removal of a ruptured silicone gel breast implant regardless of the indication for the initial implant placement

Note: Refer to the Coverage Determination Guideline titled Breast Reconstruction Post Mastectomy and Poland Syndrome for coverage information regarding Poland Syndrome.

Removal of breast implants with capsulectomy/capsulotomy for symptomatic capsular contracture is considered reconstructive when the following criteria are met:
• Baker grade III or IV capsular contracture
  Baker Grading System for Capsular Contracture
  o Grade I – Breast is soft without palpable thickening
  o Grade II – Breast is a little firm but no visible changes in appearance
  o Grade III – Breast is firm and has visible distortion in shape
  o Grade IV – Breast is hard and has severe distortion or malposition in shape; pain/discomfort may be associated with this level of capsule contracture (ASPS, 2005)
• Limited movement leading to an inability to perform tasks that involve reaching or abduction; examples include retrieving something from overhead, combing one’s hair, reaching out or above to grab something to stabilize oneself

The breast reconstruction benefit does not include coverage for any of the following:
• Aspirations
• Biopsy (open or core)
• Excision of cysts
• Fibroadenomas or other benign or malignant tumors
• Aberrant breast tissue
• Duct lesions
• Nipple or areolar lesions
• Treatment of gynecomastia

**Coverage Limitations and Exclusions**

UnitedHealthcare excludes Cosmetic Procedures from coverage including but not limited to the following:
• Breast prosthetics or replacement following a cosmetic breast augmentation.
• Breast reduction surgery when done to improve appearance without improving a Functional/Physiologic Impairment (unless it is related to coverage required by the Women's Health and Cancer Right's Act).
• Breast surgery only for the purpose of creating symmetrical breasts except when post mastectomy.
• Procedures that correct an anatomical Congenital Anomaly without improving or restoring physiologic function are considered Cosmetic Procedures. The fact that a covered person may suffer psychological consequences or socially avoidant behavior as a result of an injury, Sickness or Congenital Anomaly does not classify surgery (or other procedures done to relieve such consequences or behavior) as a reconstructive procedure.
• Replacement of an existing breast implant if the earlier breast implant was performed as a Cosmetic Procedure. (Replacement of an existing breast implant is considered reconstructive if the initial breast implant followed mastectomy. Refer to the Coverage Determination Guideline titled Breast Reconstruction Post Mastectomy and Poland Syndrome.)
• Revision of a prior reconstructed breast due to normal aging does not meet the definition of a covered reconstructive health service.
• Tissue protruding at the end of a scar (“dog ear”/standing cone), painful scars or donor site scar revisions must meet the definition of a reconstructive procedure to be considered for coverage.

**Definitions**

Check the definitions within the member benefit plan document that supersede the definitions below.

**Anaplastic Lymphoma:** Breast implant-associated (BIA) anaplastic large cell lymphoma (ALCL) is a rare T-cell lymphoma that can present as a delayed fluid collection around a textured implant or surrounding scar capsule.
Congenital Anomaly: A physical developmental defect that is present at the time of birth and that is identified within the first twelve months of birth.

Cosmetic Procedures: Procedures or services that change or improve appearance without significantly improving physiological function.

Functional or Physical Impairment: A Functional or Physical or physiological Impairment causes deviation from the normal function of a tissue or organ. This results in a significantly limited, impaired, or delayed capacity to move, coordinate actions, or perform physical activities and is exhibited by difficulties in one or more of the following areas: physical and motor tasks; independent movement; performing basic life functions.

Reconstructive Procedures: Reconstructive Procedures when the primary purpose of the procedure is either of the following:
- Treatment of a medical condition
- Improvement or restoration of physiologic function

Reconstructive Procedures include surgery or other procedures which are related to an Injury, Sickness or Congenital Anomaly. The primary result of the procedure is not a changed or improved physical appearance. Procedures that correct an anatomical Congenital Anomaly without improving or restoring physiologic function are considered Cosmetic Procedures. The fact that you may suffer psychological consequences or socially avoidant behavior as a result of an injury, sickness or Congenital Anomaly does not classify surgery (or other procedures done to relieve such consequences or behavior) as a Reconstructive Procedure.

Sickness: Physical illness, disease or pregnancy. The term sickness includes mental illness or substance-related and addictive disorders, regardless of the cause or origin of the mental illness or substance-related and addictive disorders.

Applicable Codes

The following list(s) of procedure and/or diagnosis codes is provided for reference purposes only and may not be all inclusive. Listing of a code in this policy does not imply that the service described by the code is a covered or non-covered health service. Benefit coverage for health services is determined by federal, state, or contractual requirements and applicable laws that may require coverage for a specific service. The inclusion of a code does not imply any right to reimbursement or guarantee claim payment. Other Policies and Guidelines may apply.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>19328</td>
<td>Removal of intact breast implant</td>
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<tr>
<td>19330</td>
<td>Removal of ruptured breast implant, including implant contents (e.g., saline, silicone gel)</td>
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<tr>
<td>19355</td>
<td>Correction of inverted nipples</td>
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<tr>
<td>19370</td>
<td>Revision of peri-implant capsule, breast, including capsulotomy, capsulorrhaphy, and/or partial capsulectomy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19371</td>
<td>Peri-implant capsulectomy, breast, complete, including removal of all intracapsular contents</td>
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<tr>
<td>19380</td>
<td>Revision of reconstructed breast (e.g., significant removal of tissue, re-advancement and/or re-inset of flaps in autologous reconstruction or significant capsular revision combined with soft tissue excision in implant-based reconstruction)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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References

American Society of Plastic Surgeons (ASPS). How to Diagnose and Treat Breast Implant – Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma.


**Guideline History/Revision Information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Summary of Changes</th>
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<tr>
<td>05/01/2021</td>
<td><strong>Template Update</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Replaced reference to “MCG™ Care Guidelines” with “InterQual® criteria” in <em>Instructions for Use</em></td>
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<tr>
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<td>• Added language to indicate this policy does not apply to the state of Indiana; refer to the state-specific policy version</td>
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<tr>
<td>02/01/2021</td>
<td><strong>Application</strong></td>
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<td>• Reformatted content</td>
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<td>• Added language to indicate this policy does not apply to the state of Kentucky; refer to the state-specific policy version</td>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>Template Update</strong></td>
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<td>• Reformatted policy; transferred content to new template</td>
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<td>• Added language to indicate this policy does not apply to the states of Nebraska and New Jersey; refer to the state-specific policy version</td>
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**Coverage Rationale**

- Removed language pertaining to the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998
- Removed language indicating treatment of Poland Syndrome with breast reconstruction is eligible for coverage as reconstructive and medically necessary; this is considered reconstructive surgery although no Functional Impairment may exist
- Added instruction to refer to the Coverage Determination Guideline titled *Breast Reconstruction Post Mastectomy and Poland Syndrome* for coverage information regarding Poland Syndrome

**Definitions**

- Removed definition of:
  - Poland Syndrome
  - Women’s Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, § 713 (a)

**Applicable Codes**

- Updated list of applicable CPT codes to reflect annual edits; revised description for 19328, 19330, 19370, 19371, and 19380

**Supporting Information**

- Removed *Benefit Considerations* section
- Updated *References* section to reflect the most current information
- Archived previous policy version CS013.K

**Instructions for Use**

This Coverage Determination Guideline provides assistance in interpreting UnitedHealthcare standard benefit plans. When deciding coverage, the federal, state or contractual requirements for benefit plan coverage must be referenced as the terms of the federal, state or contractual requirements for benefit plan coverage may differ from the standard benefit plan. In the event of a conflict, the federal, state or contractual requirements for benefit plan coverage govern. Before using this guideline, please check the federal, state or contractual requirements for benefit plan coverage. UnitedHealthcare reserves the right to modify its Policies and Guidelines as necessary. This Coverage Determination Guideline is provided for informational purposes. It does not constitute medical advice.
UnitedHealthcare may also use tools developed by third parties, such as the InterQual® criteria, to assist us in administering health benefits. The UnitedHealthcare Coverage Determination Guidelines are intended to be used in connection with the independent professional medical judgment of a qualified health care provider and do not constitute the practice of medicine or medical advice.