

## Anatomical Modifier Requirement Policy, Professional

### **IMPORTANT NOTE ABOUT THIS REIMBURSEMENT POLICY**

*You are responsible for submission of accurate claims. This reimbursement policy is intended to ensure that you are reimbursed based on the code or codes that correctly describe the health care services provided. UnitedHealthcare Individual Exchange reimbursement policies may use Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®), Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) or other coding guidelines. References to CPT or other sources are for definitional purposes only and do not imply any right to reimbursement.*

*This reimbursement policy applies to all health care services billed on CMS 1500 form. Coding methodology, industry-standard reimbursement logic, regulatory requirements, benefits design and other factors are considered in developing reimbursement policy.*

*This information is intended to serve only as a general reference resource regarding UnitedHealthcare Individual Exchange's reimbursement policy for the services described and is not intended to address every aspect of a reimbursement situation. Accordingly, UnitedHealthcare Individual Exchange may use reasonable discretion in interpreting and applying this policy to health care services provided in a particular case. Further, the policy does not address all issues related to reimbursement for health care services provided to UnitedHealthcare Individual Exchange enrollees. Other factors affecting reimbursement may supplement, modify or, in some cases, supersede this policy. These factors may include, but are not limited to: legislative mandates, the physician or other provider contracts, the enrollee's benefit coverage documents and/or other reimbursement, medical or drug policies. Finally, this policy may not be implemented exactly the same way on the different electronic claims processing systems used by UnitedHealthcare Individual Exchange due to programming or other constraints; however, UnitedHealthcare Individual Exchange strives to minimize these variations.*

*UnitedHealthcare Individual Exchange may modify this reimbursement policy at any time by publishing a new version of the policy on this Website. However, the information presented in this policy is accurate and current as of the date of publication.*

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### Application

**This reimbursement policy applies to UnitedHealthcare Individual Exchange products.**

This reimbursement policy applies to services reported using the 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form (a/k/a CMS-1500) or its electronic equivalent or its successor form. This policy applies to all products, all network and non-network physicians and other qualified health care professionals, including, but not limited to, non-network authorized and percent of charge contract physicians and other qualified health care professionals.

#### **Applicable States:**

This reimbursement policy applies to Individual Exchange benefit plans in all states except for Massachusetts, Nevada, and New York.

### Policy

#### **Overview**

This policy addresses the appropriate use of modifiers with certain CPT and HCPCS procedure codes. According to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), a modifier is a two-character code that is added, when appropriate, to the end of a procedure or service to clarify the services being billed. Modifiers add more information, such as the anatomical site, to the code. In addition, they help to eliminate the appearance of duplicate billing and unbundling. Modifiers are used to increase accuracy in reimbursement, coding consistency, editing, and to capture payment data.

## Reimbursement Guidelines

### Percutaneous Coronary Artery Interventions (PCI)

Percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI), commonly known as coronary angioplasty or simply angioplasty, is a non-surgical procedure used to treat the stenotic (narrowed) coronary arteries of the heart found in coronary heart disease.

According to the CMS National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) Policy Manual for Medicare Services, percutaneous coronary artery intervention (PCI) includes stent placement, atherectomy, and balloon angioplasty. There are CPT and HCPCS codes describing various combinations of these PCI procedures.

There are five major coronary arteries (left main, left anterior descending, left circumflex, right, and ramus intermedius), each having a corresponding descriptive anatomical modifier.

UnitedHealthcare requires PCI codes be reported with one of the five anatomical PCI modifiers in order to be considered for reimbursement.

### PCI Codes

92920	92921	92924	92925	92928	92929	92933	92934	92937	92938
92941	92943	92944	92973	92974	92975	92978	92979	93571	93572
C9600	C9601	C9602	C9603	C9604	C9605	C9606	C9607	C9608	

### PCI Modifiers

LC	LD	LM	RC	RI
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## Questions and Answers

<b>1</b>	<p><b>Q:</b> Why aren't all anatomical modifiers addressed in this policy?</p> <p><b>A:</b> The intent of the Anatomical Modifier Requirement Policy is to require modifier usage where appropriate with applicable services, and is not meant to address all possible anatomical modifier situations.</p>
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## Resources

American Medical Association, *Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®)* and associated publications and services

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, CMS Manual System and other CMS publications and services

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System

## History

<b>8/1/2023</b>	Policy implemented by UnitedHealthcare Employer & Individual
<b>4/6/2023</b>	Policy approved by the Reimbursement Policy Oversight Committee